

ULTIMATUM ON CHINA GIVEN BY KAISER

Will Not Treat for Peace Until Assassins Are Surrendered.

THE CZAR IS CHECKMATED

Coincident with the Arrival in China of Field Marshal Count von Waldersee the German Foreign Office Notifies the Powers That It Considers That an Indispensable Preliminary to the Beginning of Peace Negotiations Is the Delivering Up of Those Who Were Responsible for the Recent Outrages—How This Dramatic Move Is Viewed at Different Capitals.

Berlin, Sept. 18.—The foreign office has sent a circular note to all the powers announcing that the German government considers that an indispensable preliminary to the beginning of the peace negotiations with China is the delivering up of those who were responsible for the outrages.

Received in Washington. Washington, Sept. 18.—A copy of the German note demanding the punishment of the leaders of the rebellion in China was presented to Acting Secretary Adee at the state department during the day from the German embassy. The German charge, Baron Sternberg, being temporarily absent from the city, there could, of course, be no attempt at discussion of this most important communication. The baron is expected to return tomorrow, when the subject may be taken up with him. Meanwhile the note itself will receive the careful attention of the president and such members of the cabinet as are in Washington when he arrives. The state department has been all along directing its efforts to the speedy opening of negotiations for a final settlement with the Chinese government and has so far not heard from relative to the matter of punishment beyond the indirect references contained in the notes that have defined the government's purpose. The question is now presented plainly whether or not the negotiations shall be proceeded with a decision on this point.

Comments in London. London, Sept. 18, 4:30 a. m.—As might have been expected, coincident with the arrival of Count von Waldersee in China comes the most important declaration of policy yet issued by any of the allies. As the Daily News remarks, Germany's circular note has turned the tables on Russia, whose evacuation proposals had put Germany into an awkward corner. Now, if Russia demands to the German note she will be unable to continue to say the Daily News, to pose as China's friend and forgiving friend, while she discards, Russia will lay herself open to the charge of reducing the punitive expedition to a farce.

The London morning papers have little to say regarding the Kaiser's "admirable note." The Times goes so far as to wish that the credit for making such a proposal belonged to Great Britain. The Morning Post alone, in a cogent and well reasoned editorial, points out a grave objection, namely, that if the real authors and instigators of the uprising should prove to be identical with the personnel of the Chinese government it can hardly be expected that they will deliver themselves up and admit of the Chinese government should be guilty of such a deed, a condition of things only terminable by the conquest or a revolution producing a new government. "Therefore," says the Morning Post, "the powers should carefully weigh the matter before committing themselves."

There is no confirmation in any other quarter of Lord Salisbury's alleged telegram to Li Hung Chang, referred to by the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express.

POPULATION OF CITIES.

Washington, Sept. 18.—The census bureau announces that the population of Philadelphia, Pa., is 52,577, an increase of 24,318 in 1890. That shows an increase of 3,500, or 14.36 per cent. The population of Scranton, Pa., is 29,792, an increase of 10,000 in 1890. That shows an increase of 2,000, or 6.73 per cent. The population of Butte, Mont., is 30,000, an increase of 10,721 in 1890. That shows an increase of 2,000, or 6.67 per cent. The population of the city of McKeesport, Pa., is 18,000, an increase of 10,000 in 1890. That shows an increase of 2,000, or 11.11 per cent. The population of the city of Erie, Pa., is 12,000, an increase of 10,000 in 1890. That shows an increase of 2,000, or 16.67 per cent.

SCHOONER CARLOTTA ASHORE.

Clinton, Conn., Sept. 18.—The three-masted British schooner Carlotta, Captain Rogers, of New York, was driven ashore on the beach near New York, Sept. 18, by a heavy sea. The vessel was damaged and the crew were rescued.

GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

Harrisburg, Sept. 18.—Governor Mifflin today appointed Dr. E. H. Roberts, of Philadelphia, member of the state dental examining board, vice Dr. S. M. Moore, of Shamokin; Dr. Hiram F. Dwyer, of Pittsburg, was reappointed member of the board.

RYBAN REFERS TO THE COAL STRIKE

Says It Disproves Full Dinner Pail Argument—Mark Hanna's Challenge to His Critics.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Fort Scott, Kan., Sept. 18.—William J. Bryan spoke here today. Mr. Bryan's speech was addressed entirely to the labor element, of which his audience was composed. He plunged immediately into the "full dinner pail" subject and in that connection referred to the anthracite coal strike as proof. He said that the dinner pail is not always so full as the Republican orators would have their audiences believe. Mr. Bryan also repeated his arguments against the trusts, contending that they were calculated to cut off all the old-time opportunities of young men.

Hanna Replies. Chicago, Sept. 18.—Senator M. A. Hanna today made an address to several thousand down-town business men and their employees at the rooms of the Commercial McKimley club. In the course of his speech he said: "If our great corporations of amalgamated capital are in the interests of manufacturers there are not labor organizations and combinations in the interests of workmen? I was the first man in this country to organize labor in 1871 and while that organization of bituminous coal miners existed we never had a strike. I believe in arbitration between labor and capital and in the whole of my life before 1,200 men and women in Cincinnati I told them that if they would work for me or agreed the reduction of his pay I would reduce his rate. I state state state next day and the offer still stands. I would like Mr. Bryan or any other Democrat to tell me what a trust is. I believe there is not a trust in the entire United States. There is a national law in every state there is a state law against trusts, and every law against trusts, national or state, has been the result of the law makers and the credit is due the Republican party. I have no objection to the Democrats opposing trusts, but they have not got any patent on it."

MORE FIGHTING IN LAND OF THE BOERS

British Attacking at Komati Poort. Which Is the Gateway to the Burgers' Supplies.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Lorenzo Marques, Sept. 18.—Fighting is proceeding at Komati Poort. All the available men have been sent to the frontier. It is expected that Komati Poort will be destroyed. There is great uneasiness here. London, Sept. 18.—Lord Roberts reports from Machodorp, under date of Monday, September 17, that a few minor skirmishes have taken place between the British troops and the Boers. He adds that the general French has captured fifty locomotives in addition to the forty-three locomotives and other rolling stock which he took when he occupied Barberton, September 13, and that General Stephenson was expected to occupy Nelspruit during the afternoon of September 17.

Komati Poort is a town on the frontier of the Transvaal and on the railroad leading from Pretoria to Portuguese territory. It is situated about 100 miles from the coast. With the occupation of Komati Poort the British would be able to cut off all supplies reaching the Boers by railroad from Portuguese territory.

VESSELS COLLIDE; TWENTY LIVES LOST

British Steamship Gordon Castle and the German Steamship Stormarn Go Down in Cardigan Bay.

Liverpool, Sept. 18.—The British steamship Gordon Castle and the German steamship Stormarn were in collision in Cardigan bay on Sunday night. Both vessels sank. Twenty of the persons on board the Gordon Castle were lost.

BOER ENVOYS PROTEST.

Not Yet Ready to Admit Their Cause Is Lost. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Sept. 18.—Charles D. Pierce, consul general of the former Orange Free State, and trustee and treasurer of the Boer relief fund, today received a cable message from the Boer envoys at Dordrecht, Holland, protesting that the proclamation issued by Lord Roberts regarding President Kruger's departure from the Transvaal was false and misleading. They declared that if the president had crossed the borders of his country, he must have done so by order of the executive council, which body is fully entitled to authorize such a step, and that he has not deserted the Boer cause.

VON WALTERSEE IN CHINA.

Hong Kong, Sept. 18.—The German steamship Sachsen, having on board Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, commander in chief of the international forces in China, and his staff, has arrived here. Count von Waldersee sailed from Naples on Aug. 23. The field marshal landed and was received by a guard of honor of British troops. He made the usual official calls. The count this evening will proceed to Shanghai, and then to Taku on board the German cruiser Terku.

PRUSSIAN COAL DEVELOPMENTS.

Berlin, Sept. 18.—Seventy-two new coal mines have been opened in Prussia this year, increasing the output for 1900 by 2,500,000 tons.

HOPE GROWS IN STRICKEN GALVESTON

Everybody Determined to Rebuild and Rehabilitate the City.

RELIEF BRINGS REACTION

Money and Supplies Continue to Pour in from Every Part of the Country and the Hearts of the Sufferers Are Touched and Encouraged—Loss of Life Now Estimated at 6,000 and of Property at \$22,500,000—Generous Contribution from Philadelphia.

Galveston, Sept. 18.—The work of clearing the streets of debris is progressing rapidly under the perfect organization instituted by military rule under Adjutant General Scurry. Over 2,000 men are engaged in the work. Ninety-eight bodies are reported to have been found in the wreckage and removed today, making a total of 1,561 victims so far recovered. This list is far short of the accurate number of dead found, because no official records were kept. Bodies were cremated. The storm wrecked almost every vault in the six cemeteries and many of the dead were washed to sea in metal cases. So far only one carried has been found. It had been carried three miles from the vault. The extension of the electric lighting system continues. By tomorrow the distance from Twentieth to Seventh streets, and from the bay to Broadway, will be equipped with street lights. More than two hundred skilled mechanics were brought here today from Texas cities.

Number of Dead. The total number of dead is still estimated at five to six thousand. The newspaper list is over 4,000. The names of many negroes, Mexicans, Italians and other foreigners can never be secured. The property loss is estimated at \$22,500,000. The work under the direction of the health department was pushed with vigor and rapidly today. As fast as disinfectants arrive they are being distributed over the city. Over a carload of disinfectants were taken from the wharves today and sent to the health department supply depot and almost immediately distributed from that place and distributed over the city.

Much was done today in the way of removing debris and disposing of animal carcasses. The sick and wounded are receiving the best treatment and the facilities are such that any one needing medical attention can have it on application. Besides the hospital and refuge camp was opened this afternoon. In addition to a large number of patients. Persons able to travel have been taken from the hospitals and sent in the revenue cutters and by other means of transportation to Houston and other relief stations on the mainland.

WHIPPING POST FOR WIFE BEATERS

All Members of State Magistrates' Association Favor Its Establishment, but Will Not Press It.

Reading, Pa., Sept. 18.—The State Magistrates' association met here today, with over seventy delegates in attendance. Alderman F. C. Lemonson, of this city, delivered the address of welcome, and President C. F. Keech, of York, responded. Various legislative matters were considered. The legislative committee consists of John W. Conrad, Schuylkill; Francis C. Clemson, Berks; W. C. Crampsey, Blair; John O'Toole, Blair; and C. F. Keech, York. It was decided not to ask the next legislature to pass a bill for the punishment of wife beaters at the whipping post. All the members favor it, but it was agreed not to press for its passage at a body.

BLACKS WIN IN SANTIAGO.

Whites in the Cuban Province Now Favor Annexation. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 18.—The election of the blacks in the Cuban province of Santiago has resulted in favor of the black party throughout this entire province, and the whites openly declare themselves to be annexationists.

Ten thousand colored men, who had worked themselves into a fine frenzy, paraded through the principal streets of the city last night, carrying tallow candles and torches. A mock funeral of the Republican party was held today and was attended by about one thousand colored persons. The white people are cautious and are avoiding conflicts.

HILL TO TALK FOR BRYAN.

New York ex-Senator Offers His Aid to Jones and Stone. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Sept. 18.—Ex-Senator David R. Hill today made a call upon Senator Jones and Governor Stone at the Hoffman house, and afterwards dropped in at headquarters. Harmony now, it is understood, is an accomplished fact in the ranks of the anti-trust forces. The ex-senator's call was made for the purpose of offering his services as a campaign speaker in Bryan's cause. His offer was accepted, and his itinerary will be made up later.

PRESIDENT GOES TO CAPITAL.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Canton, O., Sept. 18.—President McKinley started for Washington at 1:30 p. m. via the Pennsylvania railroad. Secretary Catelet accompanied him. Matters connected with the Chinese situation called the president to the capital at this time, but it is said there is nothing of great moment in that situation to demand attention—merely an accumulation of routine matters which can be better disposed of there than here.

STEAM HEAT FOR JOHNSTOWN.

Harrisburg, Sept. 18.—A charter was issued by the state department today to the Johnstown Steam Heat and Power company, Johnstown; capital \$50.

BIG CAPTURE OF RIVER PIRATES

Caught in Staten Island Sound Robbing Lehigh Valley Coal Company Barges, After a Battle.

New York, Sept. 18.—A battle was fought at midnight between a posse of special officers of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company and a gang of river pirates, who were caught in the houses of a small boat. Two of the pirates, in Staten Island Sound, Off Rossville, S. I. About 100 shots were exchanged, and one of the pirates, who was captured, was found to be wounded in the leg. Another who was shot escaped in a small boat. Two of the pirates, according to their captured companions, were drowned. Four of the pirates were arrested. The pirates have been stealing coal from the barges of the company at night for some time. The company recently made preparations to put a stop to this, and Detective O'Brien was sent out with twelve armed special officers last night from Elizabethport, N. J., on the tug Allentown. The tug steamed some distance behind a tow of barges loaded with coal, and O'Brien and his companions waited for developments. When the tow was off Rossville a score of rowboats were seen to pull up alongside of the barges. The Allentown steamed up to the barges and found the gang busily shovelling coal from one of them into small boats.

Detective O'Brien cautioned his companions to get ready to use their firearms, and shouted to the pirates to surrender. The next instant a volley was fired by the pirates. O'Brien and his companions immediately returned the fire. The fight was kept up for several minutes until both sides exhausted their ammunition. The tug made use of a three-inch gun she carried. While the firing was going one some of the pirates jumped into their boats and escaped and others deliberately jumped overboard. The tug and four of the pirates picked up and made prisoners. They were sent to the city in the custody of the harbor police and arraigned before Magistrate Cornell in the Center street police court. They were held in \$1,000 bail each for trial.

In the testimony at court it was alleged that the Lehigh Valley Railroad company through the operations of river pirates lost annually several thousand tons of coal. The vigilance of the company's detectives and the watchfulness of the police of the harbor squad had up to this time been unavailing in catching the offenders.

MITCHELL CLAIMS IMPORTANT GAINS

Estimates the Total of Idle Men at 118,000 and Reports Accessions in All Districts.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 18.—Following is the statement issued by President Mitchell on behalf of the striking mine workers: "Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 18, 3:30 p. m. No. 3. Reports received at our office from districts No. 1 and 2 of the anthracite coal region, show that there have been great accessions to the ranks of the strikers today. In district No. 1 (Hazleton) there were less than 1,000 mine workers who went yesterday failed to report for work this morning, this increases the total number on strike from 10,000 to 11,500 today. In district No. 2 (Scranton) 1,500 men were added to the ranks of the strikers today. In addition to the 30,000 reported yesterday, the situation in district No. 3 (Lackawanna) is practically the same as the first day of the strike, only 200 men remaining at work. Total number of men idle, 118,000. From every section of the anthracite region reports indicate that much dissatisfaction prevails among those who have up to this time failed to participate in the strike and we confidently expect that the number at work will grow less with each succeeding day until the mine shall be completely closed." (Signed) John Mitchell, President United Mine Workers of America.

TROUBLE BREWING IN LYKENS VALLEY

Refusal of Williamstown Miners to Strike Causes Threats of Force. Preparations in Consequence.

Harrisburg, Sept. 18.—Trouble is brewing in the Lykens valley region between the union and non-union anthracite miners, over the refusal of the men at Williamstown to join the strike. The mine employees in the neighboring towns of Lykens and Winifred are on strike and threaten to compel the Williamstown men to quit work. A meeting of the Williamstown men was held tonight, at which it was decided to stand firm against any attempt on the part of the strikers to force them to join the strike. Sheriff Reiff today swore in 150 deputies, who will act in conjunction

PRESENT STATUS

In the Lower Regions There Were No Important Developments.

MANY MEN YET AT WORK

Yet President Mitchell Claims Gains and Says 118,000 Men Are Now Idle—Father Phillips Says Arbitration Must Be Accepted for the Public's Sake and Adds That the Markle Offer Presents the Way Out—Places Where the Strike Missionaries Were Coldly Received. Complete Review of the General Situation.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 18.—The second day of the anthracite coal strike has failed to bring forth anything that would lead to the bringing together of the coal operators and the striking miners. Neither side has approached the other, and as far as could be learned tonight there is no such move contemplated by either the operators or their employees. Unless there is a break in the ranks of either, it seems tonight that a third party will have to step into the breach and try to bring the two forces together. Who that third party will be, and what methods will be pursued with that end in view, no one in touch with the situation can at this time say. President Mitchell in his statement today on the situation throughout the entire anthracite region estimates that about 6,000 additional mine workers laid down their tools today, making a total of 118,000 mine workers idle. Today was entirely devoid of important developments in this district, and what little change there was in the situation was in favor of the striking workers. It was estimated yesterday that of 16,000 mine workers in the Hazleton region about 8,000 did not start work. President Mitchell in his statement, however, raised these figures to 10,000. Careful reports received from every mining town in the region today warrants the estimate that upwards of 1,600 additional men did not go into the mines this morning. Not one operator was reported to have increased his working force over that of yesterday. President Mitchell in his statement, made today, which was based on reports received from his men in the field, makes the claim that not less than 1,500 men who had entered the mines yesterday failed to report this morning. Although the majority of the operators and mine superintendents give no figures they insist that they are holding their own.

All was quiet in Hazleton today, with the exception of a few petty cases of breach of the peace. Mine workers in large numbers came to Hazleton during the day to hear the latest news. Tonight meetings were held at Stockton, Hazleton, Jeddah, shaft No. 3 at Hazleton, Fredonia, Catelet, and West Hazleton. President Mitchell spoke at the latter place. It was decided not to ask the next legislature to pass a bill for the punishment of wife beaters at the whipping post. All the members favor it, but it was agreed not to press for its passage at a body.

FATHER PHILLIPS POINTS A REMEDY

Says the Arbitration Proposition of Markle & Co. Opens the Door to a Peaceful Settlement.

Hazleton, Sept. 18.—In response to requests on the part of many newspapers for his views regarding the strike situation, Rev. Father Phillips, of St. Gabriel's church, who has been a prominent factor in the strike, tonight gave out the following authorized statement: "My views of the situation, briefly expressed, may be summed up in a few sentences: Operators and miners are in deadly struggle, one demanding submission, the other recognition of the union and concessions. Advantage so far in the lockout of colliers is on the side of the miners but the battle has only begun and endurance will decide the victory. It is a question, therefore, of success. Continuation of conflict, if there be opportunity for peace, is an unnecessary sacrifice of labor and capital. Remembering that operators and miners are not the whole public, this aggression on the rights of others, if remediable, is criminal. The remedy has been offered by G. B. Markle & Co., of Jeddah, to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is arbitration. Other operators have this remedy and should apply it. Mine recognizing it as the cardinal principle of adjustment should accept it when offered. The communities demand it, the state and nation demand it. Operators and miners owe willing compliance with public demand. Big and small to the employees. This is